TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 International Popication No. PCT/CAO0/00342  International Pling Date Priority Date Claimed O1 April 1999  Title of Invention  COMPOSITION AND METHOD FOR INDUCING APOPTOSIS IN PROSTATE CANCER CELLS  Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:  Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:  This is a STRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT indomination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). This submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below. The U.S. has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). A is attached hereto frequired only if not communicated by the International Bureau. b has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). An English language translation of the International Bureau. c have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments to the claims of the International Bureau. c have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d have not been made and will not be made. An English language translation of the international Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).  Items 11 to 20 below concern documen		PTO-13		Attorney's Docket Number 02811-0161US (42368/263786)				
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	The following fees are	1		CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY			
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):								
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a.   ⊠   b.   □	Please charge my Dep	osit Account No. 11-0	9855 in the amount	of \$ to cove	r the above fees.			
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c.   The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 11-0855. A duplicate copy of this sheet is								
enclosed.  d.   Fees are to be charged to a credit card. WARNING: Information on this form may become public.  Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.								
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.								
	LL CORRESPONDEN	ICE TO:		1/1Don	, Reg. No. 42,860			
John S. H	ratt, Esq.		// \J	onn K. McDonald	, Keg. No. 42,800			
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Atlanta,	Georgia 30309-4530	• •						
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09/937643 JC09 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2 7 SEP 2001

**Patents** 

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE

In re A	applicat	ion of:	
		NIGEL C. RIO C.	/ \ / \ / \
Serial	No.:	Not Yet Assigned	, ,
Filed:		27 September 2001 nal Phase of PCT/CA00/00342 30 March 2000	/ \ / \ / \ / \ / \ / \ / \ / \ / \ / \
For:	INDU	POSITION AND METHOD FOR CING APOPTOSIS IN PROSTATI CER CELLS	E

## PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Box PCT

Washington, D.C. 20231

Attn: DO/EO/US

Sir:

Prior to examination of the present application, please enter the following amendments to the claims.

## In The Claims:

Please cancel Claims 3 through 31.

Express Mail Label No.: EL602997775US

Date of Deposit:

27 September 2001

**Preliminary Amendment** 

Attorney Docket No.: 02811-0161US (42368-263786)

Page 2

By this amendment there are now 2 claims pending, Claim 1 and Claim 2.

No additional fees are believed due; however, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 11-0855.

Respectfully submitted,

John K. McDonald, Ph.D.

Reg. No. 42,860

KILPATRICK STOCKTON LLP Suite 2800 1100 Peachtree Street Atlanta, GA 30309-4530

Telephone: 404-815-6500 Facsimile: 404-815-6555

Attorney Docket No. 02811-0161US (42368-263786)

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09/937643 PTO/PCT Rec'd 27 SEP 2001

## Title: COMPOSITION AND METHOD FOR INDUCING APOPTOSIS IN PROSTATE CANCER CELLS

#### CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/127,451 filed April 1, 1999.

#### FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method for treating prostate cancer.

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Cancer is an aberrant net accumulation of atypical cells, which can result from an excess of proliferation, an insufficiency of apoptosis, or a combination of the two. Apoptosis is an active cellular death process characterized by distinctive morphological changes that include condensation of nuclear chromatin, cell shrinkage, nuclear disintegration, plasma membrane blebbing, and the formation of membrane-bound apoptotic bodies (Wyllie et al. Int. Rev. Cytol. 68:251, 1980). A molecular hallmark of apoptosis is degradation of the cell's nuclear DNA into oligonucleosomal-length fragments as the result of activation of endogenous endonucleases (Wyllie A.H. Nature 284:555, 1981).

Prostate cancer is a major cause of cancer deaths among the male population. For patients with capsule confined prostate cancer, radical prostatectomy, radiotherapy, a combination of the two, and brachytherapy with radiolabeled seed implants are the most common treatments. Radical prostatectomy can result in impotence and incontinence. Radiotherapy is associated with prostate specific antigen (PSA) recurrence. Brachytherapy can be used only in carefully selected patients.

For patients with extracapsular tumors and metastases, androgen ablation and chemotherapy are the most common treatments. Androgen ablation, for use in patients with androgen-dependent prostate cancer, includes surgical castration (bilateral orchiectomy) and chemical castration using anti-androgens and leutinizing hormone production suppressors. Many patients refuse orchiectomy. Anti-androgens and leutinizing hormone production suppressors, used together to effect total androgen blockade, result in androgen withdrawal symptoms and, also, are very expensive. Moreover, the response to androgen ablation therapy is finite and lasts a medium of 12 to 16 months (Crawford et al. New Eng. J. Med. 321:419, 1989). Enhanced programmed cell death or apoptosis has been identified as a desirable therapeutic outcome in the treatment of prostate cancer (Kyprianou et al., Cancer Surv. 11:265, 1991). Mutations in p53, a protein that is implicated in the control and induction of apoptosis, are associated with poor clinical prognosis and decreased efficacy of a wide range of therapeutic agents used in the treatment of cancer (Chang et al., J. Clin. Oncol. 13:1009, 1995). p53 gene mutation, which results in the accumulation of non-functional p53 protein, is known to be

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associated with a lack of responsiveness to androgen ablation therapy in the treatment of prostate cancer (Navone et al., J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 85:1657, 1993).

Therapeutic agents that are effective in inhibiting the proliferation of and inducing apoptosis in cancer cells *in vitro* are recognized as having therapeutic utility for the *in vivo* treatment of cancer (Furukawa et al., J. Surg. Oncol. 48:188, 1991). For example, the anti-proliferative activity *in vitro* of chemotherapeutic agents towards prostate adenocarcinoma cancer cells has been shown to positively correlate with their *in vivo* anti-cancer activity (Pienta et al., Prostate 26:270, 1995). The activity of many of these therapeutic agents is however influenced by p53 mutation status, and those agents whose mechanism of action appears to be independent of p53 are non-selective and highly toxic. Chemotherapy, for use in patients with androgen-independent (hormone refractory) prostate cancer, has palliation as its primary goal. However, the toxic side effects of chemotherapy are debilitating, often dose limiting, and compromise the quality of the patient's life.

Castration or androgen ablation therapy (either alone or in combination) induces apoptosis in prostate tumors. The amount of apoptosis occurring in prostate tumors after androgen ablation has been correlated with p53 status (Westin et al., Am. J. Pathol. 146:1368, 1995). However, almost all patients with metastatic prostate cancer will escape first-line androgen ablation therapy. The induction of apoptosis in prostatic adenocarcinoma following androgen ablation is associated with infiltrating immune effector cells such as cytotoxic T cells and activated macrophages (Landstrom and Funa, Int. J. Cancer 71:451, 1997). The activation of the innate and acquired immune systems, in addition to inhibition of prostate cancer cell proliferation, would be beneficial for the treatment of prostate cancer.

Therefore, there is a need for a novel therapeutic agent for treating prostate cancer that is simple and relatively inexpensive to prepare, that remains therapeutically stable over time, that is effective in the presence of mutated p53, that is capable of stimulating the innate and or the acquired immune system and that is effective at dose regimens that are associated with minimal toxicity even upon repeated administration.

## **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention satisfies the above need by providing a method for treating prostate cancer in an animal, including a human, wherein a composition comprising *Mycobacterium phlei* (*M. phlei*) DNA (M-DNA) and M-DNA, wherein the M-DNA is preserved and is complexed with the *M. phlei* cell wall (MCC), is administered to the animal in need of such treatment in an amount effective to have an anti-neoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of the animal.

M-DNA and MCC are simple and relatively inexpensive to prepare, their

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activities are reproducible among preparations, they remain therapeutically stable over time, and they are effective at dose regimens that are associated with minimal toxicity even upon repeated administration.

To prepare MCC, *M. phlei* are grown in liquid medium and harvested. The *M. phlei* are disrupted, and the solid components of the disrupted *M. phlei* are collected by centrifugal sedimentation. The solid components are deproteinized, delipidated, and washed. M-DNA is purified from MCC or is purified directly from *M. phlei*. DNase-free reagents are used to minimize DNA degradation (preserve DNA) during preparation of MCC and M-DNA.

A composition comprising M-DNA or MCC and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is administered to an animal, including a human, having prostate cancer in an amount effective to prevent, treat or eliminate prostate cancer cells in the animal, including the human, having prostate cancer. Optionally, additional therapeutic agents including, but not limited to, anti-androgens, chemotherapeutic agents, immunomodulatory agents and steroids can be administered with the M-DNA and MCC. The unexpected and surprising ability of M-DNA and of MCC to prevent, treat or eliminate prostate cancer cells addresses a long felt unfulfilled need in the medical arts and provides an important benefit for animals, including humans.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention is to provide a composition and method effective to prevent prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a composition and method effective to prevent hormone sensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a composition and method effective to prevent hormone insensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to treat prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to treat hormone sensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to treat hormone insensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to eliminate prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to eliminate hormone sensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to eliminate hormone insensitive prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method that has an antineoplastic effect on prostate cancer cells.

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Another object of the present invention is to provide a method that has an antineoplastic effect on hormone-sensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method that has an antineoplastic effect on hormone-insensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to inhibit proliferation of prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to inhibit proliferation of prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to inhibit proliferation of hormone sensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to inhibit proliferation of hormone insensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to induce apoptosis in prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to induce apoptosis in hormone sensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to induce apoptosis in hormone insensitive prostate cancer cells.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to potentiate the activity of other therapeutic agents in the treatment of prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to potentiate the anti-neoplastic effect of anti-androgenic agents in the treatment of prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to potentiate the anti-neoplastic effect of chemotherapeutic agents in the treatment of prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method effective to potentiate the anti-neoplastic effect of radiation in the treatment of prostate cancer.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method that maintains its offectiveness over time.

These and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent after a review of the following detailed description of the disclosed embodiment and the appended claims.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- FIG. 1. Inhibition of proliferation of human prostate cancer cells by MCC.
- FIG. 2. Inhibition of proliferation of LNCaP and PC3 human prostate cancer cells by M-DNA.
  - FIG. 3. Inhibition of proliferation of PC3 human prostate cancer cells by MCC and

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by DNase I treated MCC.

- FIG. 4. Morphological changes in PC3 human prostate cancer cells after treatment with MCC.
- FIG. 5. Induction of DNA fragmentation in PC3 human prostate cancer cells by MCC.
  - FIG. 6. Release of NuMA from (A) LNCaP and (B) PC3 human prostate cancer cells by MCC.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention provides a method for treating prostate cancer in an animal, including a human, wherein a composition comprising a mycobacterial DNA (B-DNA) and B-DNA, wherein the B-DNA is preserved and complexed on a mycobacterial cell wall (BCC), is administered to the animal in need of such treatment in an amount effective to have an anti-neoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of the animal. More particularly, the present invention provides a method for treating prostate cancer in an animal, including a human, wherein a composition comprising *Mycobacterium phlei* (*M. phlei*) DNA (M-DNA) and M-DNA, wherein the M-DNA is preserved and complexed on the *M. phlei* cell wall (MCC), is administered to the animal in need of such treatment in an amount effective to have an anti-neoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of the animal.

As used herein, the term "preserved" refers to DNA that has not been degraded into individual bases.

As used herein, the phrase "complexed on" refers to the physical association of M-DNA with M. phlei cell wall.

As used herein, the word "response" refers to inhibition of proliferation of cancer cells, induction of apoptosis in cancer cells, and stimulation of bioactive molecule production by immune system cells.

As used herein, the phrase "bioactive molecules" refers to cytokines and reactive oxygen species.

As used herein, the phrase "immune system cells" refers to macrophages, monocytes, leukocytes, T-cells, B-cells, NK cells, dendritic cells, Langerhan cells, interstitial cells and support cells.

Many bacterial species can be used to practice the present invention including, but not limited to, Coryneform species, Corynebacterium species, Rhodococcus species, Eubacterium species, Bordetella species, Escherichia species, Listeria species, Nocardia species and Mycobacterium species. Preferably, a Mycobacterium species is used including, but not limited to, M. smegmatis, M. fortuitum, M. kansaii, M. tuberculosis, M. bovis, M. vaccae, M. avium and M. phlei. Most preferably, the Mycobacterium species M. phlei is used.

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Methods to increase anti-neoplastic activity include, but are not limited to, chemically supplementing or biotechnologically amplifying the M-DNA and MCC with stimulatory sequences or confirmations of DNA derived from the same or different bacterial species; supplementing the M-DNA and MCC with naturally occurring or chemically-synthesized nucleic acids; and, complexing the M-DNA and MCC to natural or synthetic carriers.

Optionally, therapeutic agents including, but not limited to, anti-androgenic, chemotherapeutic, steroidal and immunological agents can be included in the M-DNA and MCC composition of the present invention. M-DNA or MCC and an optional therapeutic agent can be administered simultaneously or sequentially on the same or different schedules.

Anti-androgenic agents include, but are not limited to, flutamide, bicalutamide, nilutamide, megestrol acetate, adrenocorticotropic hormone secretion inhibitors, ketoconazole, estrogens, anti-estrogens and LHRH production suppressors.

Chemotherapeutic agents include, but are not limited to, anti-metabolites, DNA damaging, microtubule destabilizing, microtubule stabilizing, actin depolymerizing, growth inhibiting, topoisomerase inhibiting, HMG-CoA inhibiting, purine inhibiting, pyrimidine inhibiting, metaloproteinase inhibiting, CDK inhibiting, caspase inhibiting, proteaosome inhibiting, angiogenesis inhibiting, differentiation inducing and immunotherapeutic drugs. These agents include, but are not limited to, anthracycline antibiotics such as doxorubicin and mitoxantrone, estramustine, vinblastine, paclitaxel, etoposide, cyclophosphamide, cisplatin, carboplatin and combinations of the above with or without the addition of steroid drugs.

Immunological agents include, but are not limited to, cytokines, chemokines, interferons, interleukins, polyclonal antibodies and monoclonal antibodies.

Compositions comprising M-DNA and MCC and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier are prepared by uniformly and intimately bringing into association the M-DNA and the MCC with liquid carriers, with solid carriers or with both. Liquid carriers include, but are not limited to, aqueous carriers, non-aqueous carriers or both. Solid carriers include, but are not limited to, biological carriers, chemical carriers or both.

M-DNA and MCC can be administered in aqueous suspension, oil emulsion, water in oil emulsion, water-in-oil-in-water emulsion, site-specific emulsion, long-residence emulsion, sticky-emulsion, microemulsion, nanoemulsion, liposomes, microparticles, microspheres, nanospheres, nanoparticles, minipumps, and with various natural or synthetic polymers that allow for sustained release.

Further, M-DNA and MCC can be used with any one, all, or any combination of excipients regardless of the carrier used to present the composition to the responding cells. These include, but are not limited to, anti-oxidants, buffers, bacteriostats, suspending

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agents, surfactants and tensio active agents.

In an embodiment, MCC is administered as an aqueous suspension, wherein the size range of the MCC is preferably about 0.025 to 1.000 µm, more preferably from about 0.050 to 0.750  $\mu m$  and most preferably from about 0.100 to 0.500  $\mu m$ . The MCC is suspended in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as, but not limited to, DNase-free water, saline or phosphate buffered saline (PBS) and is homogenized and submicronized by standard procedure such as, but not limited to, sonication and microfluidization. For example, lyophilized MCC is suspended in sterile water and sonicated at 20% output for 5 min (Model W-385 Sonicator, Heat Systems-Ultrasonics Inc) or microfluidized at 15,000-30,000 psi for one or more flow-throughs (Model M-110Y; Microfluidics, Newton, MA). The mixture is either aseptically processed or terminally sterilized. An optional therapeutic agent or stabilizing agent can be added to the MCC during submicronization or homogenization or before or after sterilization.

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In an embodiment, M-DNA is administrated as an aqueous suspension in the size range preferably from about 2 to > 12 000 b.p., more preferably from about 2 to 250 b.p. and most preferably from about 2 to 20 b.p. The M-DNA is suspended in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as DNase-free water and is homogenized and fragmented by standard procedures such as, but not limited to, sonication and microfluidization. The mixture is aseptically processed or terminally sterilized. An optional therapeutic agent or stabilizing agent can be added to the M-DNA during sonication or homogenization or before or after sterilization

For administration in a non-aqueous carrier, M-DNA or MCC are emulsified with a mineral oil or with a neutral oil such as, but not limited to, a diglyceride, a triglyceride, a phospholipid, a lipid, an oil and mixtures thereof, wherein the oil contains an appropriate mix of polyunsaturated and saturated fatty acids. Examples include, but are not limited to, soybean oil, canola oil, palm oil, olive oil and myglyol, wherein the number of fatty acid carbons is between 12 and 22 and wherein the fatty acids can be saturated or unsaturated. Optionally, charged lipid or phospholipid can be suspended in the neutral oil. For example, DNase free phosphatidylcholine is added to DNase free triglyceride soybean oil at a ratio of 1 gram of phospholipid to 20 ml of triglyceride and is dissolved by gentle heating at 50°-60°C. Several grams of MCC are added to a dry autoclaved container and the phospholipid-triglyceride solution is added at a concentration of 20 ml per 1 gram of MCC. The suspension is incubated for 60 min. at 20°C and is then mixed with DNase-free PBS in the ratio of 20 ml MCC suspension per liter of PBS. The mixture is emulsified by sonication at 20% output for 5 min (Model W-385 Sonicator, Heat Systems-Ultrasonics Inc.). Optionally, the emulsified mixture is homogenized by microfluidization at 15,000-30,000 psi for one or more flow-throughs (Model M-110Y; Microfluidics). The MCC emulsion is transferred to an autoclaved,

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capped bottle for storage at 4°C. Optionally a therapeutic agent or a stabilizing agent can be added to the M-DNA or the MCC composition during incubation, emulsification or homogenization.

M-DNA and MCC are administered in an amount effective to have an antineoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of an animal. The dosage of M-DNA and MCC administered will depend on the stage of the prostate cancer being treated, the organs to which it may have metastasized, the particular formulation, and other clinical factors such as the size, weight and condition of the recipient and the route of administration.

Preferably, the amount of M-DNA and MCC administered is from about 0.00001 to 200 mg/kg per dose, more preferably from about 0.0001 to 100 mg/kg per dose, and most preferably from about 0.001 to 50 mg/kg per dose. Preferably, the M-DNA content of MCC is between about 0.001 and 90 mg/100 mg dry MCC, more preferably between about 0.01 and 40 mg/100 mg dry MCC and most preferably between about 0.1 and 30 mg/100 mg dry MCC. Unexpectedly, we found that at least about 3.6% of the dry weight of MCC is extractable M-DNA.

Routes of administration include, but are not limited to, oral, topical, subcutaneous, intra-prostatic, intra-muscular, intra-peritoneal, intra-venous, intra-arterial, intra-dermal, intra-thecal, intra-lesional, intra-tumoral, intra-bladder, intra-vaginal, intra-ocular, intra-rectal, intra-pulmonary, intra-spinal, transdermal, subdermal, placement within cavities of the body, nasal inhalation, pulmonary inhalation, impression into skin and electrocorporation.

Depending on the route of administration, the volume per dose is preferably about 0.001 to 100 ml per dose, more preferably about 0.01 to 50 ml per dose and most preferably about 0.1 to 30 ml per dose. M-DNA and MCC can be administered in a single dose treatment or in multiple dose treatments on a schedule and over a period of time appropriate to the stage of the prostate cancer being treated, the organs to which it has metastasized, the condition of the recipient and the route of administration.

The following examples will serve to further illustrate the present invention without, at the same time, however, constituting any limitation thereof. On the contrary, it is to be clearly understood that resort may be had to various other embodiments, modifications, and equivalents thereof which, after reading the description herein, may suggest themselves to those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the present invention and/or the scope of the appended claims.

#### **EXAMPLE 1**

#### Preparation of MCC and M-DNA

MCC was prepared from M. phlei as described in International Patent Application No. PCT/CA98/00744, which is included by reference herein. All reagents

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were selected to preserve the DNA.

M-DNA was prepared from *M. phlei* and from MCC as described in International Patent Application No. PCT/CA98/00744, which is included by reference herein. All reagents were selected to enhance conservation of (preserve) the DNA.

Unless stated otherwise, M-DNA and MCC were suspended in DNase-free water or in a pharmaceutically acceptable DNase-free buffer and sonicated. The particle size of MCC was evaluated during sonication by photon correlation spectroscopy (Zetasizer 3000, Malvern Instruments, Malvern, Worcester, England). The diameter of MCC decreased gradually with sonication (Table 1). The molecular weight of M-DNA was evaluated during sonication by electrophoresis in 2.0 % agarose gel containing 0.5 µg/ml ethidium bromide (3 hours at 100 V). The molecular weight of M-DNA decreased gradually with sonication (Table 2).

Table 1

MCC diameter

Sonication (minutes)	Z average mean (nm)
0	> 10 000
15	688
30	507
45	400
60	366

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<u>Table 2.</u> M-DNA molecular weight

Sonication (minutes)	Molecular weight (b.p.)
0	> 12 000
0.5	< 100
15	< 20

M-DNA and MCC did not contain endotoxins as determined using a Limulus amebocyte lysate QCL-1000 kit (BioWhittaker, Walkersville, MD). The *Limulus* amebocyte lysate sensitivity of this assay is 5.5 pg endotoxin/ml.

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#### **EXAMPLE 2**

#### Preparation of B-DNA and BCC

B-DNA and BCC are prepared from M. smegmatis, M. fortuitous, Nocardia rubra, Nocardia asteroides, Cornybacterium parvum, M. kansaii, M tuberculosis and M. bovis as in Example 1.

#### **EXAMPLE 3**

#### DNase I treatment

Treatment of M-DNA and MCC with DNase I was carried out as described in International Patent Application No. PCT/CA98/00744. DNase I digests both single stranded and double stranded DNA and causes almost total degradation of the DNA.

#### **EXAMPLE 4**

#### Cells and reagents

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Human PC3 and DU-145 androgen-independent and LNCaP androgen-dependent prostate cancer cells were obtained from the ATCC (#CRL-1435, HTB-81 and CRL-1740, respectively). Primary human prostate epithelial cells (PrEc) were obtained from Clonetics (#CC-2555, Walkersville, MD, USA). All cell lines were cultured as recommended by the supplier. PC3, DU-145, LNCaP and PrEc cells were seeded at 3 X 10<sup>5</sup> cells/ml of growth medium in 6-well flat bottom microplates and allowed to grow for 24 h at 37°C in 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. At 24 h, growth medium was replaced with growth medium containing M-DNA or MCC.

#### **EXAMPLE 5**

#### Inhibition of prostate cancer cell proliferation by MCC

Cell proliferation was determined using dimethylthiazoldiphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT) reduction (Mosman et al. J. of Immunol. Meth. 65:55, 1983).

PC3, DU-145 and LNCaP prostate cancer cells and PrEc prostate epithelial cells were incubated with 0, 0.01, 0.10, 1, 10 and 100 µg/ml of MCC. After 48 h, 100 µl of MTT in 5mg/ml phosphate buffered saline was added to each well and incubation was continued for 4 h. Medium was then aspirated from each well, 1 ml of acidified isopropyl alcohol was added, and reduced MTT was solubilized by mixing. The absorbence of the reaction product was determined at 570 nm. MCC at 1, 10 and 100 µg/ml inhibited proliferation of androgen-dependent LNCaP prostate cancer cells and of androgen-independent PC3 and DU-145 prostate cancer cells, but did not inhibit proliferation of PrEc normal prostate cells (Fig. 1).

These data demonstrate that MCC inhibits proliferation of both androgen-independent and androgen-dependent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells. MCC does not inhibit proliferation of normal prostate cells.

#### **EXAMPLE 6**

Inhibition of prostate cancer cell proliferation by M-DNA

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PC3 and LNCaP prostate cancer cells were incubated with 10 and 100  $\mu$ g/ml of M-DNA. Cell proliferation was determined as in Example 5. M-DNA at 10 and 100  $\mu$ g/ml inhibited proliferation of PC3 prostate cancer cells (Fig. 2). These data demonstrate that M-DNA inhibits proliferation of androgen-dependent and androgen-independent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells.

#### **EXAMPLE 7**

Inhibition of prostate cancer cell proliferation by MCC and by DNase I treated MCC

PC3 prostate cancer cells were incubated with 1 Unit/ml DNase I, with 1  $\mu$ g/ml MCC and with 1  $\mu$ g/ml DNase I treated MCC.

DNase I inhibited proliferation PC3 cancer cells about 5%, MCC inhibited proliferation PC3 cancer cells about 50% and DNase I treated MCC inhibited proliferation of PC3 cancer cells about 30% (Fig. 3).

These data demonstrate that MCC inhibits proliferation of androgen-independent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells. Further, these data demonstrate that treatment of MCC with DNase I reduces the anti-proliferative effect of MCC.

#### **EXAMPLE 8**

Induction of apoptosis as indicated by morphological changes

Morphological changes indicative of cell death by apoptosis include condensation of nuclear chromatin, cell shrinkage, nuclear disintegration, plasma membrane blebbing and the formation of membrane-bound bodies (Wyllie et al. Int. Rev. Cytol. 68:251,1980).

PC3 prostate cancer cells were incubated with 0 and with 200  $\mu$ g/ml of MCC for 48 h. Images were collected on a light microscope with a 40 x 2.5 NA Apochromat objective. Cells incubated with 0  $\mu$ g/ml MCC exhibited normal morphology, whereas cells incubated with 200  $\mu$ g/ml MCC exhibited striking morphological changes indicative of cell death by apoptosis (Fig. 4).

These date demonstrate that MCC induces apoptosis in androgen-independent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells.

#### **EXAMPLE 9**

Induction of apoptosis as indicated by DNA fragmentation

Fragmentation of cellular DNA into nucleosome-sized fragments by the activation of endogenous endonucleases is characteristic of cells undergoing apoptosis (Wyllie A.H. Nature 284:555, 1981; Newell et al. Nature 357:286, 1990).

During routine monolayer culture of PC3 cells, a considerable number of cells detached from the plastic surface of the tissue culture wells and floated in the medium (Palayoor et al., Radiation Res. 148:105, 1997). After 48 hours of treatment with MCC, the proportion of detached cells increased. Therefore, DNA fragmentation was analyzed both in detached and in attached PC3 cells (Smith et al. Nature 337:795, 1989).

Detached cells were collected and centrifuged at 350 X G for 5 min. The pellet of detached cells and the remaining attached cells were lysed in 50 µl of buffer containing 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 10 mM EDTA, 0.5 % (w/v) sodium lauryl sarcosinate (SDS) and 0.5 mg/ml proteinase K (Sigma-Aldrich Canada, Oakville, Ontario) at 55°C for 1 h. Ten µl of 0.5 mg/ml RNase A (Sigma-Aldrich Canada) was added to each sample and the incubation was continued for 1 h. Samples were heated to 65°C and 10 µl of 10 mM EDTA (pH 8.0) containing 1 % (w/v) low-gelling-temperature agarose, 0.25 % (w/v) bromophenol blue, 40 % (w/v) sucrose was mixed with each sample. The samples were electrophoresed at 100 V for 3 h in a 2 % agarose gel containing Tris-borate/EDTA buffer (TBE). The DNA was visualized under UV transillumination using ethidium bromide staining.

Detached and attached PC3 prostate cancer cells were incubated for 48 h with 0 and 100  $\mu$ g/ml MCC. Detached cells treated with 100  $\mu$ g/ml MCC showed significant DNA fragmentation (Fig. 5, lanes 3 and 4), whereas detached cells treated with 0  $\mu$ g/ml MCC showed no fragmentation (Fig. 5, lane 1). Attached cells treated with 100 $\mu$ g/ml MCC showed no DNA fragmentation (Fig. 5, lane 2).

These data show that MCC induces apoptosis, as indicated by DNA fragmentation, in detached androgen-independent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells.

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#### **EXAMPLE 10**

#### Induction of apoptosis as indicated by NuMA release

The induction of apoptosis may also be demonstrated by the solubilization and release of nuclear matrix (NuMA) protein. LNCaP prostate cancer cells were incubated for 48 h with 0, 100, 200 and 300  $\mu$ g/ml MCC while PC3 prostate cancer cells were incubated for 48 h with 0, 100 and 300  $\mu$ g/ml MCC. Medium was drawn off, centrifuged at 10,000 X G and the supernatant was frozen at -20°C until assayed for NuMA (Miller et al. Biotech. 15:1042, 1993).

LNCaP prostate cancer cells treated with 100, 200, or 300  $\mu$ g/ml MCC released 20%, 50% and 135%, respectively, more NuMA proteins into the medium than did cells treated with 0  $\mu$ g/ml MCC (Fig. 6A). PC3 prostate cancer cells treated with 100 and 300  $\mu$ g/ml MCC released 24% more NuMA proteins into the medium than did cells treated with 0  $\mu$ g/ml MCC (Fig. 6B). These date demonstrate that MCC induces apoptosis, as indicated by NuMA release, in androgen-independent prostate cancer cells in the absence of immune effector cells.

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#### **EXAMPLE 11**

Effect of MCC and M-DNA on IL-12 and TNF-lpha synthesis by monocytes and LNCaP cells

Human monocytic THP-1 cells were obtained from the ATCC and were cultured as recommended by the supplier. THP-1 cells (1 x  $10^6$  cells/ml) and LNCaP cells (3 x  $10^5$ 

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cells/ml) were incubated with 0, 0.1 and 10  $\mu$ g/ml MCC for 48 hours in 5% CO<sub>2</sub> in 6-well flat bottom microplates. At 48 hours, supernatants were collected and the presence of IL-12 and TNF- $\alpha$  was determined using commercial ELISA kits (Biosource, Camarillo, CA, USA). MCC and M-DNA induced synthesis of IL-12 (Table 3) and TNF- $\alpha$  Table 4 by immune system cells, THP-1 monocytes, and by LNCaP prostate tumor cells. The cytokines IL-12 and TNF- $\alpha$  both have been demonstrated to have anti-neoplastic activity against a range of cancer cells, including prostate cancer cells (Izquierdo et al. Anticancer Drugs 7: 275, 1996; Sensibar et al. Cancer Res. 55: 2431, 1995).

<u>Table 3</u> Induction of IL-12 by MCC and M-DNA

Cells	No treatment	MCC (μg/ml)			M-DNA (μg/ml)		
<b></b>		0.1	1.0	10.0	0.1	1.0	10.0
THP-1	3.3	148.9	1080.3	1032.0	132.5	949.8	925.7
LNCaP	0.1	1.1	31.3	103.6	0.9	5.4	40.0

Cells	No treatment	МСС (µg	MCC (µg/ml)		M-DNA (µg/ml)		
		0.1	1.0	10.0	0.1	1.0	10.0
THP-1	3.3	245.4	390.0	329.7	230.0	360.3	315.6
LNCaP	0.1	186.3	338.7	284.6	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.

#### **EXAMPLE 12**

## Effects of MCC, M-DNA and DNase I treated MCC on PC3 tumors in mice

Androgen-independent PC3 prostate cancer cells are implanted subcutaneously into 40 male nude BALB/c mice and allowed to grow until palpable (0.1 to 0.5 cm in diameter). The mice are divided into 4 groups and tumor mass is measured in each mouse. The 10 mice in Group 1 each receive saline. The 10 mice in Group 2 each receive saline containing MCC. The 10 mice in Group 3 each receive saline containing M-DNA. The 10 mice in Group 4 each receive DNase I treated MCC. After 4 weeks of once per week intratumoral treatments, the mice are sacrificed and the tumor mass and number of metastases are determined. The mice in Group 2 and in Group 3 have less tumor mass and fewer metastases than the mice in Group 1 and in Group 4.

#### **EXAMPLE 13**

25 Effects of MCC and of M-DNA alone and in combination with estramustine and etoposide on PC3 tumors in mice

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Androgen-independent PC3 prostate cancer cells are implanted subcutaneously into 60 male nude BALB/c mice and allowed to grow until palpable (0.1 to 0.5 cm in diameter). The mice are divided into 6 groups and tumor mass is measured in each mouse. The 10 mice in Group 1 receive saline. The 10 mice in Group 2 receive MCC in saline. The 10 mice in Group 3 receive M-DNA in saline. The 10 mice in Group 4 receive estramustine and etoposide in saline. The 10 mice in Group 5 receive MCC in combination with estramustine and etoposide in saline. The 10 mice in Group 6 receive M-DNA in combination with estramustine and etoposide in saline. After 4 weeks of once per week intra-tumoral treatment the mice are sacrificed and tumor mass and number of metastases are determined. The mice in Group 1 have the most tumor mass. The mice in Group 4 have less tumor mass than the mice in Group 1. The mice in Group 2 and Group 3 have less tumor mass than the mice in Group 4. The mice in Group 5 and in Group 6 have the least tumor mass.

#### **EXAMPLE 14**

Effects of MCC, M-DNA and DNase I treated MCC on LNCaP tumors in mice

Androgen-dependent LNCaP prostate cancer cells are implanted subcutaneously into 40 male nude BALB/c mice and allowed to grow until palpable (0.1 to 0.5 cm in diameter). The mice are divided into 4 groups and tumor mass is measured in each mouse. The 10 mice in Group 1 each receive saline. The 10 mice in Group 2 each receive saline containing MCC. The 10 mice in Group 3 each receive saline containing M-DNA. The 10 mice in Group 4 each receive DNase I treated MCC. After 4 weeks of once per week intratumoral treatment the mice are sacrificed and the tumor mass and number of metastases are determined. The mice in Group 2 and in Group 3 have less tumor mass and fewer metastases than the mice in Group 1 and in Group 4.

**EXAMPLE 15** 

Effects of MCC and of M-DNA alone and in combination with flutamide on LNCaP tumors in mice

Androgen-dependent LNCaP prostate cancer cells are implanted subcutaneously into 60 male nude BALB/c mice and allowed to grow until palpable (0.1 to 0.5 cm in diameter). The mice are divided into 6 groups and tumor mass is measured in each mouse. The 10 mice in Group 1 receive saline. The 10 mice in Group 2 receive MCC in saline. The 10 mice in Group 3 receive M-DNA in saline. The 10 mice in Group 4 receive flutamide in saline. The 10 mice in Group 5 receive MCC in combination with flutamide in saline. The 10 mice in Group 6 receive M-DNA in combination with flutamide in saline. After 4 weeks of once per week intra-tumoral treatment the mice are sacrificed and the tumor mass and number of metastases are determined. The mice in Group 1 have the most tumor mass. The mice in Group 4 have less tumor mass than the mice in Group 4. The mice in Group 5 and in Group 6 Group 6 have less tumor mass than the mice in Group 4. The mice in Group 5 and in Group 6

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have the least tumor mass.

It should be understood, of course, that the foregoing relates only to a preferred embodiment of the present invention and that numerous modifications or alterations may be made therein without departing from the spirit and the scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

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#### We Claim:

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- 1. A method, comprising administering to an animal having prostate cancer a composition comprising M-DNA and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein the amount of the M-DNA administered to the animal has an anti-neoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of the animal having the prostate cancer.
  - 2. A method, comprising administering to an animal having prostate cancer a composition comprising M-DNA preserved and complexed on *M. phlei* cell wall (MCC) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein the amount of the MCC administered to the animal has an anti-neoplastic effect on cancer cells in the prostate of the animal having the prostate cancer.
  - 3. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-sensitive prostate cancer.
  - 4. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-insensitive prostate cancer.
- 15 5. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the anti-neoplastic effect is inhibition of proliferation of the cancer cells in the prostate.
  - 6. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the anti-neoplastic effect is induction of apoptosis in the cancer cells in the prostate.
- 7. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the anti-neoplastic effect is induction of cytokine synthesis by cells in the prostate.
  - 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the cytokines are selected from the group consisting of IL-12 and TNF- $\alpha$ .
  - The method of claim 7, wherein the cells in the prostate are selected from the group consisting of immune system cells and prostate cancer cells.
- 25 10. The method of claims 1 and 2, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is selected from the group consisting of a solid carrier and a liquid carrier.
  - A use of a composition comprising M-DNA and a pharmaceutically acceptable

carrier in the manufacture of a medicament for administration to an animal having prostate cancer in an amount effective to treat the prostate cancer in the animal having the prostate cancer.

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- 12. The use according to claim 11, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-sensitive.
- 5 13. The use according to claim 11, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-insensitive.
  - 14. The use according to claim 11, wherein the M-DNA inhibits proliferation of cancer cells in the prostate.
  - 15. The use according to claim 11, wherein the M-DNA induces apoptosis in prostate cancer cells in the prostate.
- 10 16. The use according to claim 11, wherein the M-DNA induces cytokine synthesis by cells in the prostate.
- 17. A use of a composition, comprising MCC and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, in the manufacture of a medicament for administration to an animal having prostate cancer in an amount effective to treat the prostate cancer in the animal having the prostate cancer.
  - 18. The use according to claim 17, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-sensitive.
  - 19. The use according to claim 17, wherein the prostate cancer is hormone-insensitive.
  - 20. The use according to claim 17, wherein the MCC inhibits proliferation of cancer cells in the prostate.
- 20 21. The use according to claim 17, wherein the MCC induces apoptosis in cancer cells in the prostate.
  - 22. The use according to claim 17, wherein the MCC induces cytokine synthesis by cells in the prostate.
- 23. The use according to claims 16 and 22, wherein the cytokines are selected from the 25 group consisting of IL-12 and TNF- $\alpha$ .

- 24. The use according to claims 16 and 22, wherein the cells in the prostate are selected from the group consisting of immune system cells and prostate cancer cells.
- 25. The use according to claims 11 and 17, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is selected from the group comprising a solid carrier and a liquid carrier.

PCT/CA00/00342

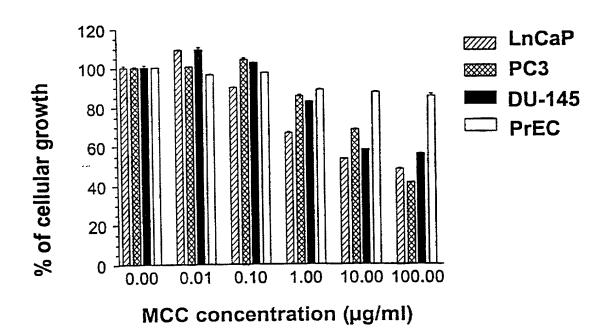


FIG. 1

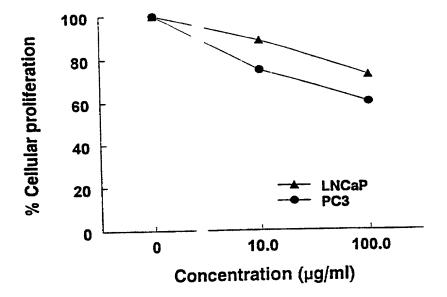


FIG. 2

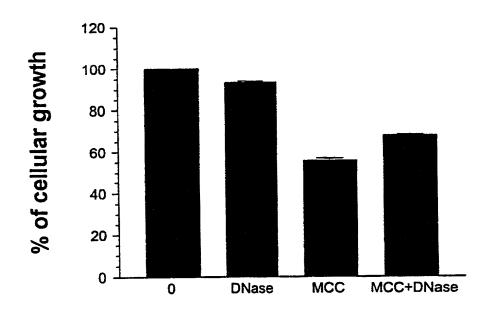
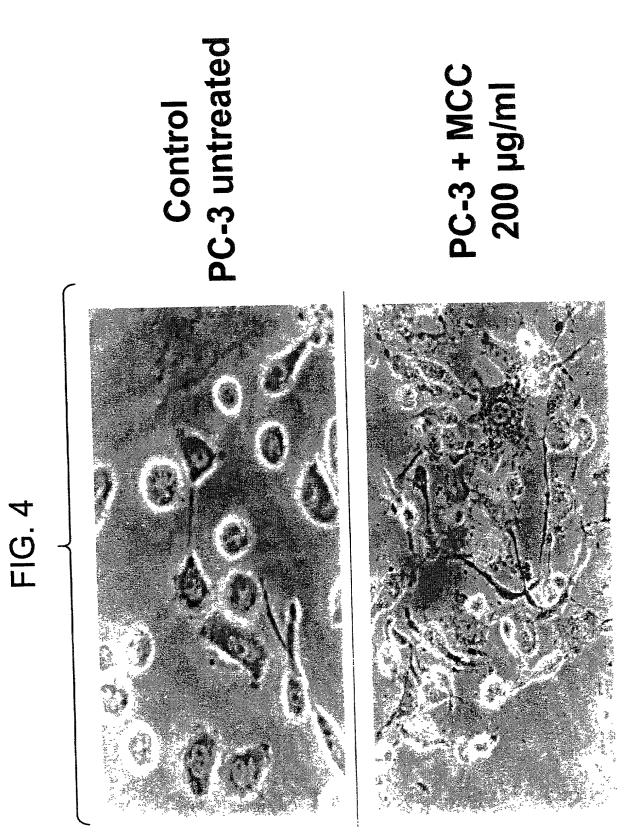
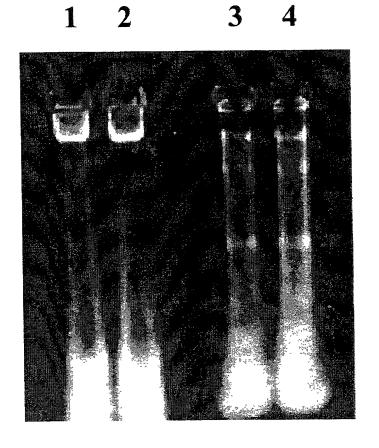


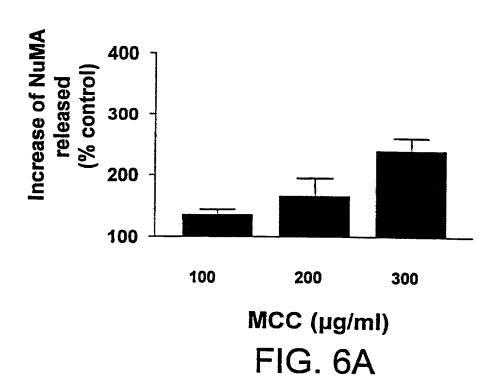
FIG. 3

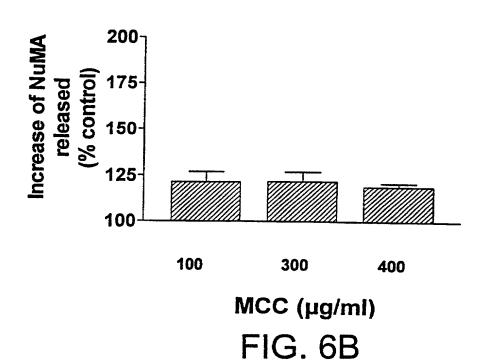


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FIG. 5







## DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

In re Application of: Nigel C. Phillips and Mario C. Filion As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: Composition and Method for Inducing Apoptosis in Prostate Cancer Cells, the specification of which: is attached hereto. was filed on September 27, 2001 as Application No. 09/937,643. I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used by others in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to the date of this application. I further state that the invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to the date of this application. I understand that I have a duty of candor and good faith toward the Patent and Trademark Office, and I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (a)-(d) of the foreign application(s) for patent or Inventor's certificate listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate disclosing subject matter in common with the above-identified specification and having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed: Priority Claimed Under 35 USC §119 Filing Date Application No. Country PCT/CA00/00342 Yes WO 30 March 2000 hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below: April 1, 1999 60/127,451 (Filing Date) (Filing Date) (Application No.) (Application No.) hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the Subject matter disclosed and claimed in the present application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as idefined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application: Status: patented, pending, abandoned Filing Date Application Serial No. I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statement were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issuing thereon. POWER OF ATTORNEY: The following attorneys are hereby appointed to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Customer Number 23370 Direct all correspondence to: Customer Number 23370 AFFIX BAR CODE LABEL Direct telephone calls at 404-815-6500, to John K. McDonald, Ph.D. HERE Canada Citizenship: Nigel C. Phillips Full name of sole or first inventor: Date: 29/11/01 Inventor's signature 101 Seigniory Avenue, Pointe-Claire, Quebec H9R 1J6 Canada Residence and Post Office Address:

Additional inventors are being named on separately numbered sheets attached hereto.

Attorney Docket No.: 02811-0161US (42368-263786)
Title: Composition and Method for Inducing Apoptosis in Prostate Cancer Cells

Page 2

) V	1
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Full name of third inventor, if any:	Citizenship:
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